

$$P(R) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$1a) P_{\frac{1}{3}}^{15}(Z \geq 8) = 1 - P_{\frac{1}{3}}^{15}(Z = 7) \\ \stackrel{TLW}{=} 1 - 0,08823 = 91,2\%$$

b)  $R(\bar{R}R)(\bar{R}R) \dots \bar{R}(\bar{R}R)(\bar{R}R) \dots$

n ungerade  $\Rightarrow$   $\frac{n-1}{2}$   $\frac{n-1}{2}$

n-1 Paare

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} + \dots + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \dots$$

$$P_n = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} + \dots + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} + \dots + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} + \dots + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{2}}$$

$$c) \left(\frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}\right)^{n-1} < 10^{-9} \quad | \ln$$

$$(n-1) \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}\right) < \ln 10^{-9} \quad | : \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}\right) < 0$$

$$n-1 > \frac{\ln 10^{-9}}{\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}\right)}$$

$$n > 1 + 27,6$$

$$n = 28,6$$

$$n \geq 29$$

2)  $P_1 = 0,18$   $P_0 \geq 0,20$

$n = 500$  Paare  $10\% \cdot 500 = 50$

$0,18 \cdot 500 = 90$

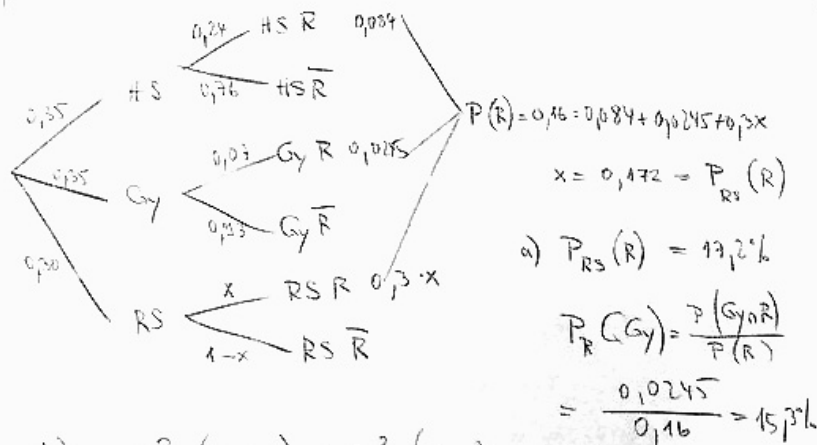
$k = 54$   $k+1 = 55$

$$P_{0,18}^{500}(Z \geq 95) = 1 - P_{0,18}^{500}(Z = 94)$$

$$= 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{94,5 - 500 \cdot 0,18}{\sqrt{500 \cdot 0,18 \cdot 0,82}}\right) = 1 - \Phi(0,82)$$

$$= 1 - 0,79277 = 20,72\%$$

3)



b)  $P_{0,24}^2(Z \geq 1) = 1 - P_{0,24}^2(Z = 0) = 1 - 0,76^2$

$2 \times HS \quad 0,35^2 \cdot (1 - 0,76^2)$

$2 \times Gy \quad + 0,35^2 \cdot (1 - 0,93^2)$

$2 \times RS \quad + 0,30^2 \cdot (1 - 0,472^2)$

$= 9,6\%$

3c)  $n = 800$   $\mu = 800 \cdot 0,07 = 56$

$\sigma^2 = 800 \cdot 0,07 \cdot 0,93 = 52,08$

$$P(|X - 56| \leq a) \geq 1 - \frac{52,08}{a^2} \geq 0,90$$

$$0,10 \leq \frac{52,08}{a^2} \quad | \cdot a^2 \cdot 0,10$$

$$a^2 \leq \frac{52,08}{0,10} \quad | \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$a \leq 22,83 \Rightarrow a \geq 23$$

gesuchtes Intervall:  $X \in [33; 79]$

4a)  $38 \left\langle \begin{array}{l} 12R \\ 26\bar{R} \end{array} \right.$   $38 \left\langle \begin{array}{l} 18 \\ 20 \end{array} \right.$

$$P(A) = \frac{\binom{12}{6} \binom{26}{12}}{\binom{38}{18}} \cdot \frac{\binom{18}{2} \binom{20}{14}}{\binom{38}{20}} = 26,6\%$$

b)  $n = 4$  Kurse  $k = 20$  mal ziehen

ohne R / mit El

$$\binom{n+k-1}{k} = \binom{4+20-1}{20} = \binom{23}{20} = 1771$$